

Application No. : 10/666,580
Filed : September 17, 2003

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 1, 4, 5, 10, 19, 32, 36 and 37 and add new Claims 39 – 41 as follows:

- 5 1. (Currently amended) An inductive device, comprising:
 a magnetically permeable core having a gap formed therein;
 at least one winding disposed proximate to said core;
 a U-shaped magnetically permeable element disposed at least partially within said gap, said
10 U-shaped element being disposed so that a radius of said U-shape is oriented towards the center of
 said magnetically permeable core; and
 an insulator disposed proximate substantially inside of said U-shaped to said magnetically
 permeable element;
 wherein said permeable element, core, and insulator cooperate to provide a desired
15 inductance characteristic as a function of current.
- 15 2. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said magnetically permeable
 element comprises an alloy of metals.
- 15 3. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said winding is disposed at a
 prescribed distance from said gap.
- 20 4. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said gap
 comprises a substantially "V" shape U-shaped magnetically permeable element is secured via an
 adhesive, said adhesive applied to the outside surface of said magnetically permeable core.
- 25 5. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said inductance
 characteristic comprises an a first substantially discrete inductance value associated with a first
 condition which is substantially larger than the a second substantially discrete value associated
 with a second condition, said first and second conditions being a function of DC current.
- 30 6. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 5, wherein said device is adapted for use in
 a telecommunications circuit, and said first condition comprises an "on-hook" current, and said
 second condition comprises an "off-hook" current.
- 30 7. – 9. (Canceled)

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10. (Currently amended) An inductive device, comprising:
a magnetically permeable toroidal core having a gap formed therein;
at least one winding wound around at least a portion of said core; and
means for magnetically bridging said gap, said means for bridging cooperating with said

5 core and at least one winding to provide a desired inductance characteristic for said device by
movably positioning said means within said gap during operation thereof in a circuit.

11. - 18. (Canceled)

19. (Currently amended) An inductive device adapted for use in a telecommunications circuit, said device having a controlled inductance characteristic, comprising:

10 a magnetically permeable toroidal core having one gap formed therein
at least one winding wound on said core; and
at least one magnetically permeable element, said at least one magnetically permeable element comprising a permalloy comprising approximately 80-percent nickel adapted to bridge at least a portion of said gap;

15 wherein said inductance characteristic comprises an inductance value associated with an “on-hook” current which is substantially larger than the inductance value associated with an “off-hook” current, said on-hook and off-hook inductance values being substantially constant as a function of their respective ones of said currents.

20. (Original) The device of Claim 19, wherein:

20 said at least one element is formed of a magnetically permeable material and in a first predetermined configuration; and

20 said gap is formed in a second predetermined configuration;

20 said first and second predetermined configurations and said material cooperating to provide said inductance characteristic.

25 21. (Original) The device of Claim 20, wherein said first predetermined configuration comprises a reduced cross-sectional area of said element, and said second predetermined configuration comprises a particular gap width and shape.

22. (Canceled)

23. -25. (Canceled)

30 26. (Original) A controlled induction electronic device, comprising:
a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein;

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at least one permeable element having first and second regions and being disposed substantially across said gap, said first and second region being in direct physical contact with respective portions of said core on either side of said gap;

5 a coating covering substantially all of said core and said at least one element; and
at least one winding disposed around said core and substantially atop said coating.

27. (Previously presented) An inductive device, comprising:

a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein, said gap extending at least partly through the thickness of said core;

10 a quantity of a first material, said first material adapted to change at least one physical property upon at least one application of a stimulus;

a magnetically permeable element adapted to bridge at least a portion of said gap; and

said first material, said permeable element, and said core are proximate one another in such fashion that when said stimulus is applied, said permeable element is brought into close cooperation with said core.

15 28. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 27, wherein said first material is a heat-reactive tubing, said heat-reactive tubing changing in at least one physical dimension in response to said stimulus.

20 29. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 28, wherein said permeable element comprises a sheet of alloy-based material, said sheet being configured to conform substantially to a portion of a periphery region of said gap during said application of said stimulus.

30. (Previously presented) An inductive device, comprising:

a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein, said gap extending at least partly through a thickness of said core;

25 a quantity of responsive material, said material adapted to change at least one physical property upon at least one application of a stimulus; and

a magnetically permeable element adapted to bridge at least a portion of said gap, wherein said permeable element and said core are proximate one another and substantially within a volume formed by said responsive material;

30 wherein said responsive material, in response to said stimulus, forces said permeable material into communication with said core, thereby bridging said gap.

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31. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 30, further comprising:
a first substantially insulating coating covering at least portions of the surface of said
device; and

5 a plurality of turns of a conductor disposed around said core and substantially atop said
coating.

32. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 31, further comprising:
a second substantially insulating coating, wherein said second coating coats at least a
portion of said device and at least a portion of said plurality of turns.

10 33. (Previously presented) A controlled induction electronic device, comprising:
a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein;
a permeable gap-bridging element, wherein said element is disposed substantially across
said gap;

a first coating, said first coating substantially coating said core and said element; and
a plurality of conductor turns on said core.

15 34. (Previously presented) The controlled induction electronic device of Claim 33,
wherein at least portions of said element are in direct physical contact with respective sides of said
core proximate said gap; and

said element and said core are substantially fixed in position relative to one another.

20 35. (Previously presented) The controlled induction electronic device of Claim 34,
wherein said first coating comprises parylene applied using at least one of a vacuum or vapor
deposition process.

25 36. (Currently amended) An inductive device having a controlled inductance,
comprising:
a magnetically permeable toroid core having a gap formed therein;
at least one wind of conductive material wound around said core in a predetermined
manner, said winding disposed at least a predetermined distance thirty degrees from said gap;
a thin sheet of magnetically permeable material, wherein said sheet of magnetically
permeable material is folded at least once, said thin sheet when folded being wider and taller than
the respective dimensions of said gap; and

30 an insulating element adapted to be inserted between said folded sheet of said magnetically
permeable material;

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wherein said folded sheet and at least one insulating element are at least partially inserted within said gap such that portions of said sheet physically contact said core.

37. (Currently amended) A controlled inductive device, comprising:
a magnetically permeable toroid core having a gap extending through at least a portion
5 thereof, said gap having sidewalls associated therewith;
a plurality of conductive turns around said core;
an ultra-thin [[a]] magnetically permeable element comprising a permalloy material having approximately 80-percent nickel at least partially within said gap of said toroid; and
an insulating element, wherein said insulating element is disposed within said magnetically
10 permeable element such that said permeable element physically contacts said core.
38. (Previously presented) The controlled inductive device of Claim 37, wherein said gap is sized so as to produce a resulting inductance of approximately 8 mH.
39. (New) The controlled inductive device of Claim 38, wherein said insulating element material is selected from the group consisting of kapton or mylar.
- 15 40. (New) The inductive device having a controlled inductance of Claim 36, wherein said predetermined manner is a uniformly spaced winding.
41. (New) The inductive device having a controlled inductance of Claim 36, wherein said gap is a V-shaped gap.